FRANCIS DOUGLAS MEMORIAL COLLEGE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number: 175

Principal: Tim Stuck

School Address: 201 Tukapa Street, New Plymouth 4310

School Postal Address: PO Box 5124, New Plymouth 4310

School Phone: 06 753 6149

School Email: office@fdmc.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider: Openbook Solutions Limited

Members of the Board

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
David Leuthart	Presiding Member	Appointed	June 2025
Tim Stuck	Principal	ex Officio	
Roland Chan	Proprietor Representative	Appointed	June 2025
Laurence Corlett	Proprietor Representative	Appointed	June 2025
Sir Br Pat Lynch	Proprietor Representative	Appointed	June 2025
Stephen Alldridge	Parent Representative	Elected	June 2025
Carla Graham	Parent Representative	Elected	June 2025
Marnie Johnston-Saywell	Parent Representative	Elected	June 2025
Jocelyn Merwood	Parent Representative	Elected	June 2025
David Perry	Parent Representative	Elected	June 2025
Christina Hermanns	Staff Representative	Elected	June 2025
Harry Scott	Student Representative	Elected	2025
Clarence Chan	Student Representative	Elected	2024



FRANCIS DOUGLAS MEMORIAL COLLEGE

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Francis Douglas Memorial College Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

David Mark Leuthart	Timothy Marc Stuck
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
1 st leght :	*
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
Date: 29 May 2025	Date: 29 May 2025

Francis Douglas Memorial College Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense For the year ended 31 December 2024

-	Notes	2024	2024	2023
		Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	7,182,445	6,591,926	7,186,113
Locally Raised Funds	3	861,655	932,000	994,789
Use of Proprietor's Land and Buildings		925,879	820,000	925,879
Interest		70,941	20,000	57,869
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		5,287	0	0
Total Revenue	-	9,046,207	8,363,926	9,164,650
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	624,040	645,900	659,427
Learning Resources	4	6,787,057	6,048,664	6,733,471
Administration	5	487,525	392,637	341,836
Interest		8,038	0	9,876
Property	6	1,508,320	1,275,420	1,451,940
Impairment of Equitable Leasehold Interest		2,362	0	2,362
Other Expenses	7	0	0	27,357
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		0	0	895
Total Expense	-	9,417,342	8,362,621	9,227,164
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(371,135)	1,305	(62,514)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		0	0	0
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	<u>-</u>	(371,135)	1,305	(62,514)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Francis Douglas Memorial College Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	<u>-</u>	1,668,775	1,668,775	1,565,164
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(371,135)	1,305	(62,514)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		131,516	108,000	166,125
Equity at 31 December	- -	1,429,156	1,778,080	1,668,775
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,429,156	1,778,080	1,668,775
Equity at 31 December	_	1,429,156	1,778,080	1,668,775

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Francis Douglas Memorial College Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets		•	•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	283,712	382.499	506,831
Accounts Receivable	9	512,669	550,000	563,960
GST Receivable		26,301	10,000	39,585
Prepayments		12,429	15,000	25,689
Inventories	10	149,613	200,000	205,171
Investments	11	1,000,000	810,000	808,623
	_	1,984,724	1,967,499	2,149,859
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	13	723,321	660,000	687,670
Revenue Received in Advance	14	28,997	50,000	52,025
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	90,941	86,200	41,250
Finance Lease Liability	16	42,568	28,919	48,241
Funds held in Trust	17	5,600	2,000	2,000
	_	891,427	827,119	831,186
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		1,093,297	1,140,380	1,318,673
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	730,013	862,044	543,875
Capital Work in Progress		0	0	50,550
Equitable Leasehold Interest	24	42,607	42,607	44,969
	_	772,620	904,651	639,394
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	343,759	247,829	267,779
Finance Lease Liability	16	93,002	19,122	21,513
	-	436,761	266,951	289,292
Net Assets	_ =	1,429,156	1,778,080	1,668,775
Equity	_	1,429,156	1,778,080	1,668,775
Equity	=	1,428,100	1,770,000	1,000,775

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Francis Douglas Memorial College Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024	2024	2023
		Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities		·	•	
Government Grants		2,077,283	2,049,627	1,938,386
Locally Raised Funds		930,222	975,545	931,001
International Students		7,326	0	15,450
Goods and Services Tax (net)		13,284	29,585	(25,853)
Payments to Employees		(1,504,054)	(1,269,200)	(1,308,468)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,509,361)	(1,547,388)	(1,584,358)
Interest Paid		(8,038)	0	(9,876)
Interest Received		71,613	20,000	56,852
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		78,275	258,169	13,134
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(206,713)	(447,619)	(176,190)
Purchase of Investments		(191,377)	(1,377)	(771,366)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(398,090)	(448,996)	(947,556)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		131,516	108,000	166,125
Finance Lease Payments		(38,420)	(41,505)	(40,968)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		3,600	0	(19,500)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		96,696	66,495	105,657
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(223,119)	(124,332)	(828,765)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	506,831	506,831	1,335,596
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	283,712	382,499	506,831

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Francis Douglas Memorial College Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Francis Douglas Memorial College (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Proprietor's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 15.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.



Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 16. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 22.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School however they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings. This expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The Schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of School uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Proprietor are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Proprietor are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Information and Communication Technology
Motor Vehicles
Textbooks
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease
Library Resources

5–15 years 3–5 years 10 years 4 years Term of Lease

10-75 years

12.5% Diminishing value

k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has

I) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



m) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

n) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from domestic and international students where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

o) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole School over a 4 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

q) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

s) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

t) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants Government Grants - Ministry of Education Teachers' Salaries Grants Other Government Grants	2024 Actual \$ 2,035,369 5,052,767 94,309 7,182,445	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,982,708 4,542,300 66,918 6,591,926	2023 Actual \$ 2,015,747 5,097,643 72,723 7,186,113
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Revenue Donations and Bequests Fees for Extra Curricular Activities Trading Fundraising and Community Grants Other Revenue	2024 Actual \$ 238,816 433,054 124,605 0 60,632	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 270,000 484,000 98,000 80,000 0	2023 Actual \$ 314,348 484,890 101,027 9,000 47,729
International Student Fees	4,548 861,655	932,000	37,795 994,789
Expenses Extra Curricular Activities Costs Trading International Student - Employee Benefit - Salaries International Student - Other Expenses	511,018 110,505 0 2,517	645,900 0 0	577,470 62,250 14,378 5,329

4. Learning Resources	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	300,193	280,000	282,356
Information and Communication Technology	93,813	108,116	117,072
Employee Benefits - Salaries	6,164,397	5,450,548	6,129,283
Staff Development	43,055	30,000	27,481
Depreciation	180,797	180,000	172,087
Other Learning Resources	4,802	0	5,192
	6,787,057	6,048,664	6,733,471

Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds

624,040

237,615

645,900

286,100



659,427

335,362

5. Administration

C. Administration	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	15,168	11,674	10,810
Board Fees and Expenses	5,275	13,000	5,205
Operating Leases	0	0	198
Legal Fees	0	2,000	0
Other Administration Expenses	109,585	82,250	78,283
Employee Benefits - Salaries	328,099	264,018	228,792
Insurance	23,098	13,500	12,593
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,300	6,195	5,955
	487,525	392,637	341,836

6. Property

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Consultancy and Contract Services	116,245	117,086	111,770
Cyclical Maintenance	125,672	25,000	103,010
Heat, Light and Water	78,264	67,000	51,687
Repairs and Maintenance	60,918	73,500	90,889
Use of Land and Buildings	925,879	820,000	925,879
Employee Benefits - Salaries	130,450	102,934	105,326
Other Property Expenses	70,892	69,900	63,379
	<u> </u>		
	1,508,320	1,275,420	1,451,940

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the School's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Other Expenses

	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
Loss on Uncollectable Accounts Receivable	0	0	27,357
	0	0	27,357

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	283,712	132,499	202,065
Short-term Bank Deposits	0	250,000	304,766
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	283,712	382,499	506,831

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$283,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$28,997 of Revenue Received in Advance is held by the School, as disclosed in note 14.



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2024	2024	2023
Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
\$	\$	\$
12,574	124,857	127,136
4,088	0	24,872
0	(27,357)	(27,357)
1,811	2,500	2,483
494,196	450,000	436,826
512,669	550,000	563,960
14,385	100,000	102,262
498,284	450,000	461,698
512,669	550,000	563,960
2024	2024	2023
Actual	Budget	Actual
\$		\$
149,613	200,000	205,171
	\$ 12,574 4,088 0 1,811 494,196 512,669 14,385 498,284 512,669 2024 Actual \$	Actual Budget (Unaudited) \$ \$ 12,574 124,857 4,088 0 0 (27,357) 1,811 2,500 494,196 450,000 512,669 550,000 498,284 450,000 512,669 550,000 498,284 450,000 2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$ \$

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The concert investment addivides are diagonica as follows.	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	1,000,000	810,000	808,623
Total Investments	1,000,000	810,000	808,623



12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2024	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	0	7,713	0	0	(96)	7,617
Furniture and Equipment	283,317	179,506	0	0	(72,014)	390,809
Information and Communication	31,256	49,913	0	0	(31,500)	49,669
Motor Vehicles	130,113	0	0	0	(19,956)	110,157
Leased Assets	55,811	130,003	(5,661)	0	(51,752)	128,401
Library Resources	43,378	5,461	0	0	(5,479)	43,360
_ _	543,875	372,596	(5,661)	0	(180,797)	730,013

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$128,401 (2023: \$55,811)

Restrictions

13. Accounts Payable

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the School's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024 Cost or Valuation \$	2024 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2024 Net Book Value \$	2023 Cost or Valuation \$	2023 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2023 Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	41,054	(33,437)	7,617	33,341	(33,341)	0
Furniture and Equipment	1,007,088	(616,279)	390,809	827,583	(544,266)	283,317
Information and Communication	544,616	(494,947)	49,669	494,703	(463,447)	31,256
Motor Vehicles	234,593	(124,436)	110,157	234,593	(104,480)	130,113
Textbooks	259,306	(259,306)	0	259,306	(259,306)	0
Leased Assets	176,614	(48,213)	128,401	194,273	(138,462)	55,811
Library Resources	245,694	(202,334)	43,360	240,233	(196,855)	43,378
	2,508,965	(1,778,952)	730,013	2,284,032	(1,740,157)	543,875

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	134,403	170,000	170,967
Accruals	47,941	25,000	49,908
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	518,474	450,000	451,949
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	22,503	15,000	14,846
	723,321	660,000	687,670
Payables for Exchange Transactions	723,321	660,000	687,670

723,321

660,000

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.



687,670

14. Revenue Received in Advance

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	0	0	11,716
International Student Fees in Advance	2,778	0	0
Other revenue in Advance	26,219	50,000	40,309
	28,997	50,000	52,025
	26,219	50,000	

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

15. Frovision for Cyclical Maintenance	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	309,029	309,029	206,019
Increase to the Provision During the Year	108,675	25,000	103,010
Other Adjustments	16,997	0	0
Provision at the End of the Year	434,700	334,029	309,029
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	90,941	86,200	41,250
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	343,759	247,829	267,779
	434,700	334,029	309,029

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken, the costs associated to this annual work will vary dependent on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the Schools 10 Year Property plan.

16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	`\$´	\$
No Later than One Year	52,263	32,158	53,323
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	105,532	19,604	22,777
Later than Five Years	0	0	0
Future Finance Charges	(22,225)	(3,721)	(6,346)
	135,570	48,041	69,754
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	42,568	28,919	48,241
Finance lease liability - Non current	93,002	19,122	21,513
	135,570	48,041	69,754

17. Funds held in Trust

Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	2024 Actual \$ 5,600	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 2,000	2023 Actual \$ 2,000
	5,600	2,000	2,000

These funds relate to arrangements where the School is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expense of the School and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School, The Trust Board of the Brothers of the Christian Schools in New Zealand, is a related party of the School Board because the Proprietor appoints representatives to the School Board, giving the Proprietor significant influence over the School Board. Any services or contributions between the School Board and Proprietor have been disclosed appropriately. If the Proprietor collects funds on behalf of the School (or vice versa) the amounts are disclosed.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the School Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during the current period is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as 'Use of Land and Buildings'.

Under an agency agreement, the School collects funds on behalf of the Proprietor. These include Proprietor's donation and development donation payable to the Proprietor. The amounts collected in total were \$307,328 (2023: \$297,397). These do not represent revenue in the financial statements of the School. Any balance not transferred at the year end is treated as a liability. The total funds held by the School on behalf of the Proprietor are \$nil, (2023: nil).

During 2024 the Board contributed \$20,857 (2023: \$63,038) towards the maintenance of the Proprietor's buildings in accordance with an agreement between the Board and Proprietor.

As a result of the above related party transactions the amount owing to the Board by the Proprietor was \$1,320 (2023: \$26,872). The amount owing to the Proprietor at the same date was \$32,081 (2023: \$16,625).

The School maintains a current account on behalf of La Salle House Ltd, the hostel operated by the Proprietor. As at 31 December 2024, the balance of the current account was \$25,498 (2023: \$22,856) owing to La Salle House Ltd and \$5,866 (2023: \$43,074) owing from La Salle House. During the period La Salle House Ltd also supplied services of \$139,784 (2023: \$88,907) and received services of \$23,228 (2023: \$17,331).

Board member David Leuthart is a director of Timberco Ltd who supplied the College with materials totalling \$5,064 (2023: \$10,074), \$124 is outstanding at balance date (2023: \$2,376).

19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Assistant Principals.

Donal Marchan	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	4,490	4,340
Leadership Team Remuneration	705.458	718,857
Full-time equivalent members	5.00	5.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	709,948	723,197

There are 11 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has a Finance and Property subcommittee (4 members). As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2024	2023 Actual
	Actual	
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	180 - 190	170 - 180
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	0	0

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2024 FTE Number	2023 FTE Number
100 - 110	18	17
110 - 120	11	14
120 - 130	2	2
130 - 140	3	2
-	34	35

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

20. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024	2023 Actual
	Actual	
Total	0	0
Number of People	0	0



21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current School employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for School boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements, the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had capital commitments of \$0 (2023: \$45,290).

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2024 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

- (a) Motor vehicle operating lease
- (b) Photocopier contract administration fee

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
No later than One Year	3,671	0
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	849	0
Later than Five Years	0	0
	4,520	0

23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2024	0004	0000
	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	` \$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	283,712	382,499	506,831
Receivables	512,669	550,000	563,960
Investments - Term Deposits	1,000,000	810,000	808,623
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,796,381	1,742,499	1,879,414
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	723,321	660,000	687,670
Finance Leases	135,570	48,041	69,754
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	858,891	708,041	757,424



24. Equitable Lease

An equitable leasehold interest recognises an interest in an asset without transferring ownership or creating a charge over the asset. This equitable leasehold interest represents the Board's interest in capital works owned by the Proprietor but paid for in whole or in part by the Board of Trustees, whether from Government funding or locally raised funds.

A lease between the Board and the Proprietor records the terms of the equitable leasehold interest and includes a detailed schedule of the capital works assets. The equitable leasehold interest is amortised over 25 years based on the economic life of the capital works asset(s) involved. The interest may be realised on the sale of the capital works by the proprietor on the closure of the School.

The major capital works assets included in the leasehold:

	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget \$	2023 Actual \$
Grandstand	21,222	22,398	22,398
Improvements to parking	515	544	544
Yr 13 Common Room	20,870	22,027	22,027
Total Equitable Lease	42.607	44.969	44.969

25. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

26. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF FRANCIS DOUGLAS MEMORIAL COLLEGE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The Auditor-General is the auditor of **Francis Douglas Memorial College**(the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Cameron Town using the staff and resources of Silks Audit Chartered Accountants Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 18, that comprise the *statement* of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2024; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Tier 2 PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 29 May 2025. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.





Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities arise from section 134 of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
 risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.





- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which
 may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material
 errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall
 understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 1, 23 to 48 ,but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1)* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the School.

(06) 345 8539 | tanderson@silks.co.nz | ctown@silks.co.nz | www.silksaudit.co.nz



lamen Town



Cameron Town
Silks Audit Chartered Accountants Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Whanganui, New Zealand